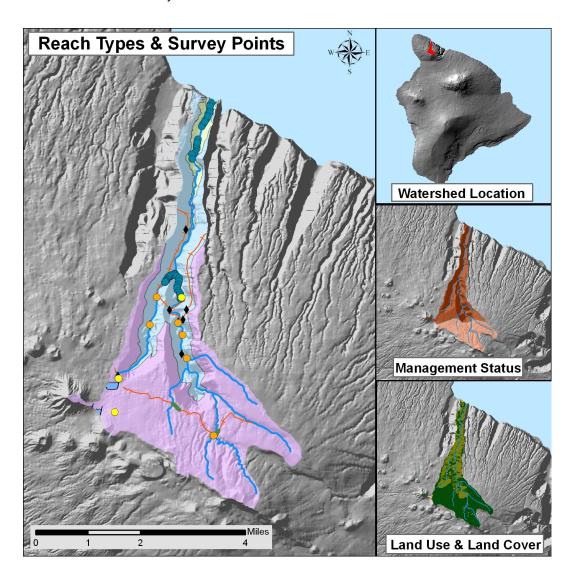
Honokāne Nui, Hawai'i



WATERSHED FEATURES

Honokāne Nui watershed occurs on the island of Hawai'i. The Hawaiian meaning of the name is "big Kāne's bay". The area of the watershed is 10.1 square mi (26.3 square km), with maximum elevation of 5476 ft (1669 m). The watershed's DAR cluster code is 6, meaning that the watershed is large, narrow, and steep in the upper watershed. The percent of the watershed in the different land use districts is as follows: 7.4% agricultural, 92.6% conservation, 0% rural, and 0% urban.

Land Stewardship: Percentage of the land in the watershed managed or controlled by the corresponding agency or entity. Note that this is not necessarily ownership.

<u>Military</u>	<u>Federal</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>OHA</u>	County	Nature Conservancy	Other Private
0.0	0.0	39.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	60.4

Land Management Status: Percentage of the watershed in the categories of biodiversity protection and management created by the Hawaii GAP program.

Permanent Biodiversity	Managed for Multiple	Protected but	
<u>Protection</u>	<u>Uses</u>	<u>Unmanaged</u>	<u>Unprotected</u>
0.0	36.4	3.2	60.4

Land Use: Areas of the various categories of land use. These data are based on NOAA C-CAP remote sensing project.

	<u>Percent</u>	Square mi	Square km
High Intensity Developed	0.0	0.00	0.00
Low Intensity Developed	0.0	0.00	0.00
Cultivated	0.0	0.00	0.00
Grassland	0.7	0.07	0.19
Scrub/Shrub	31.6	3.21	8.31
Evergreen Forest	67.5	6.85	17.74
Palustrine Forested	0.0	0.00	0.00
Palustrine Scrub/Shrub	0.0	0.00	0.00
Palustrine Emergent	0.0	0.00	0.00
Estuarine Forested	0.0	0.00	0.00
Bare Land	0.1	0.01	0.03
Unconsolidated Shoreline	0.0	0.00	0.00
Water	0.0	0.00	0.00
Unclassified	0.0	0.00	0.00

STREAM FEATURES

Honokāne Nui is a perennial stream. Total stream length is 18.2 mi (29.2 km). The terminal stream order is 2.

Reach Type Percentages: The percentage of the stream's channel length in each of the reach type categories.

Estuary	Lower	Middle	<u>Upper</u>	Headwaters
0.0	0.0	15.3	34.8	49.8

The following stream(s) occur in the watershed: East Branch Honokāne Nui West Branch

BIOTIC SAMPLING EFFORT

Biotic samples were gathered in the following year(s):

1969 1976 1994

Distribution of Biotic Sampling: The number of survey locations that were sampled in the various reach types.

Survey type	<u>Estuary</u>	Lower	<u>Middle</u>	<u>Upper</u>	<u>Headwaters</u>
Damselfly Surveys	0	0	0	3	2
DAR Point Quadrat	0	22	21	56	0
HDFG	0	0	0	5	1

BIOTA INFORMATION

Species List

Native Species Native Species

Crustaceans Amphipod sp. Insects Megalagrion blackburni

Atyoida bisulcata Megalagrion calliphya
Awaous guamensis Megalagrion hawaiiense

Fish Awaous guamensis Megalagrion hawaii Gobiid sp. Megalagrion sp. Kuhlia xenura Telmatogeton sp.

Kuhlia xenura
Lentipes concolor
Sicyopterus stimpsoni

Snails Neritina granosa

Introduced Species Introduced Species

AmphibiansBufo marinusInsectsChironomid larvae

Ranid sp.

Crustaceans Macrobrachium lar
Snails Lymnaeid sp.

Species Size Data: Species size (inches) observed in DAR Point Quadrat Surveys.

Scientific Name	<u>Status</u>	Minimum Size	Maximum Size	Average Size
Bufo marinus	Introduced	2	2	2.0
Ranid sp.	Introduced	2	2	2.0
Atyoida bisulcata	Endemic	1	1.13	1.0
Macrobrachium lar	Introduced	3	8	4.7
Kuhlia xenura	Endemic	0.5	5	2.0
Lentipes concolor	Endemic	0.75	3.75	2.4
Sicyopterus stimpsoni	Endemic	1	6	2.9
Awaous guamensis	Indigenous	1.75	8	4.4
Gobiid sp.	Indigenous	0.5	1	0.7
Neritina granosa	Endemic	1.5	1.5	1.5
Lymnaeid sp.	Introduced	0.25	0.38	0.4

Average Density: The densities (#/square yard) for species observed in DAR Point Quadrat Surveys averaged over all sample dates in each reach type.

Scientific Name	<u>Status</u>	Estuary	Low	Mid	Upper Headwaters
Atyoida bisulcata	Endemic				0.17

Kuhlia xenura	Endemic	2.28		
Lentipes concolor	Endemic	0.33	0.6	5.22
Sicyopterus stimpsoni	Endemic	11.4	4.79	6.07
Awaous guamensis	Indigenous	0.98	0.6	1.59
Gobiid sp.	Indigenous	1.3	0.2	
Macrobrachium lar	Introduced	0.33		0.62
Ranid sp.	Introduced			0.06

Species Distributions: Presence (P) of species in different stream reaches.

•	` ′ •					
Scientific Name	<u>Status</u>	<u>Estuary</u>	Lower	<u>Middle</u>	<u>Upper</u>	<u>Headwaters</u>
Atyoida bisulcata	Endemic				Р	Р
Kuhlia xenura	Endemic		Р			
Lentipes concolor	Endemic		Р	Р	Р	
Sicyopterus stimpsoni	Endemic		Р	Р	Р	Р
Megalagrion blackburni	Endemic				Р	Р
Megalagrion calliphya	Endemic				Р	
Megalagrion hawaiiense	Endemic				Р	Р
Megalagrion sp.	Endemic				Р	Р
Neritina granosa	Endemic		Р			
Amphipod sp.	Indigenous				Р	Р
Awaous guamensis	Indigenous		Р	Р	Р	
Gobiid sp.	Indigenous		Р	Р		
Telmatogeton sp.	Indigenous				Р	
Bufo marinus	Introduced				Р	
Ranid sp.	Introduced				Р	
Macrobrachium lar	Introduced		Р	Р	Р	
Chironomid larvae	Introduced				Р	Р
Lymnaeid sp.	Introduced		Р	Р		

HISTORIC RANKINGS

Historic Rankings: These are rankings of streams from historical studies. "Yes" means the stream was considered worthy of protection by that method. Some methods include non-biotic data in their determination. See Atlas Key for details.

Multi-Attribute Prioritization of Streams - Potential Heritage Streams (1998): No

Hawaii Stream Assessment Rank (1990): Moderate

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service High Quality Stream (1988): Yes

The Nature Conservancy-Priority Aquatic Sites (1985): No

National Park Service - Nationwide Rivers Inventory (1982): No

Current DAR Decision Rule Status: The following criteria are used by DAR to consider the biotic importance of streams. "Yes" means that watershed has that quality.

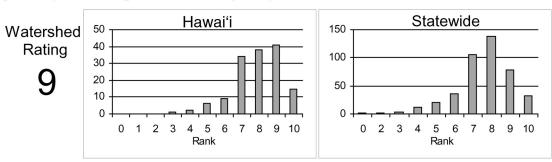
Native Insect Diversity > 19 spp.	Native Macrofauna <u>Diversity > 5 spp.</u>	Absence of Priority 1 <u>Introduced</u>
No	Yes	No
Abundance of Any Native Species	Presence of Candidate Endangered Species	Endangered Newcomb's <u>Snail Habitat</u>
No	No	No

CURRENT WATERSHED AND STREAM RATINGS

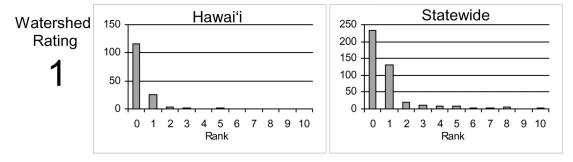
The current watershed and stream ratings are based on the data contained in the DAR Aquatic Surveys Database. The ratings provide the score for the individual watershed or stream, the distribution of ratings for that island, and the distribution of ratings statewide. This allows a better understanding of the meaning of a particular ranking and how it compares to other streams. The ratings are standardized to range from 0 to 10 (0 is lowest and 10 is highest rating) for each variable and the totals are also standardized so that the rating is not the average of each component rating. These ratings are subject to change as more data are entered into the DAR Aquatic Surveys Database and can be automatically recalculated as the data improve. In addition to the ratings, we have also provided an estimate of the confidence level of the ratings. This is called rating strength. The higher the rating strength the more likely the data and rankings represent the actual condition of the watershed, stream, and aquatic biota.

WATERSHED RATING: Honokāne Nui, Hawai'i

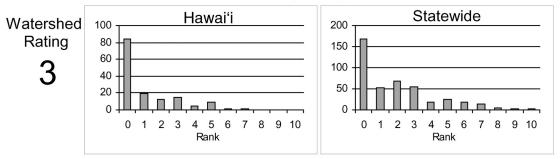
<u>Land Cover Rating</u>: Rating is based on a scoring sytem where in general forested lands score positively and developed lands score negatively.



<u>Shallow Waters Rating</u>: Rating is based on a combination of the extent of estuarine and shallow marine areas associated with the watershed and stream.

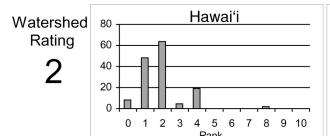


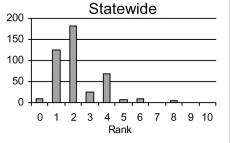
<u>Stewardship Rating</u>: Rating is based on a scoring system where higher levels of land and biodiversity protection within the watershed score positively.



WATERSHED RATING (Cont): Honokāne Nui, Hawai'i

<u>Size Rating</u>: Rating is based on the watershed area and total stream length. Larger watersheds and streams score more positively.

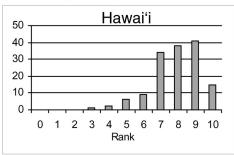


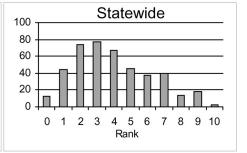


<u>Wetness Rating</u>: Rating is based on the average annual rainfall within the watershed. Higher rainfall totals score more positively.

Watershed Rating

6

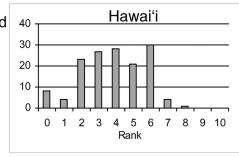


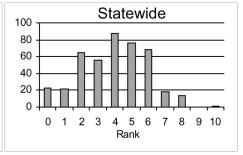


<u>Reach Diversity Rating</u>: Rating is based on the types and amounts of different stream reaches available in the watershed. More area in different reach types score more positively.

Watershed Rating

6

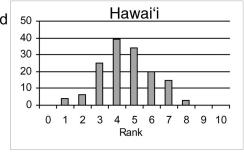


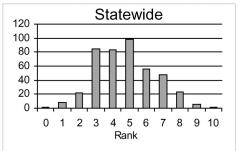


<u>Total Watershed Rating</u>: Rating is based on combination of <u>Land Cover Rating</u>, <u>Shallow</u> <u>Waters Rating</u>, <u>Stewardship Rating</u>, <u>Size Rating</u>, <u>Wetness Rating</u>, and <u>Reach Diversity Rating</u>.

Watershed Rating

7



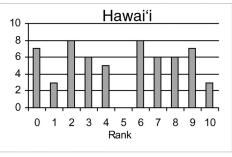


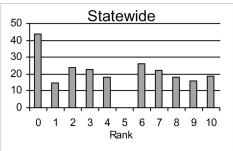
BIOLOGICAL RATING: Honokāne Nui, Hawai'i

<u>Native Species Rating</u>: Rating is based on the number of native species observed in the watershed.

Stream Rating

7

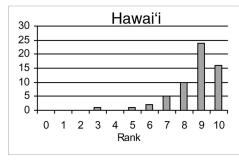


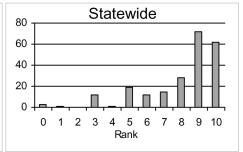


<u>Introduced Genera Rating</u>: Rating is based on the number of introduced genera observed in the watershed.

Stream Rating

8

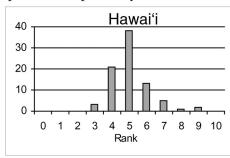


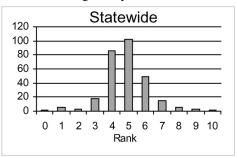


<u>All Species' Score Rating:</u> Rating is based on the Hawaii Stream Assessment scoring system where native species score positively and introduced species score negatively.

Stream Rating

6

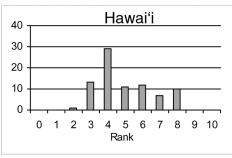


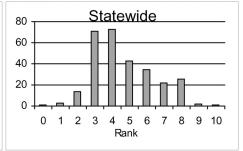


<u>Total Biological Rating</u>: Rating is the combination of the <u>Native Species Rating</u>, <u>Introduced Genera Rating</u>, and the <u>All Species' Score Rating</u>.

Stream Rating

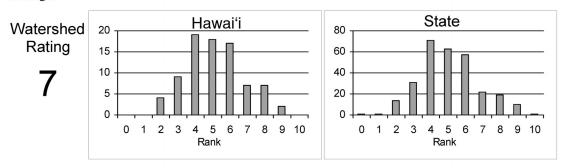
6





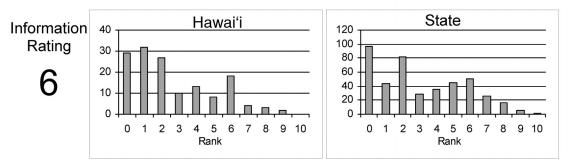
OVERALL RATING: Honokāne Nui, Hawaiʻi

Overall Rating: Rating is a combination of the <u>Total Watershed Rating</u> and the <u>Total Biological Rating</u>.



RATING STRENGTH: Honokāne Nui, Hawai'i

<u>Rating Strength:</u> Represents an estimate of the overall study effort in the stream and is a combination of the number of studies, number of different reaches surveyed, and the number of different survey types.



REFERENCES

1969. Shima, S.I. Limnological Survey for Introduction of Exotic Species of Fish.

2006. Polhemus, D.A. Megalagrion Survey Notes in spreadsheet form.

2008. Hawai'i Division of Aquatic Resources. DAR Point Quadrat Survey Data from the DAR Aquatic Surveys Database.

Blank Page