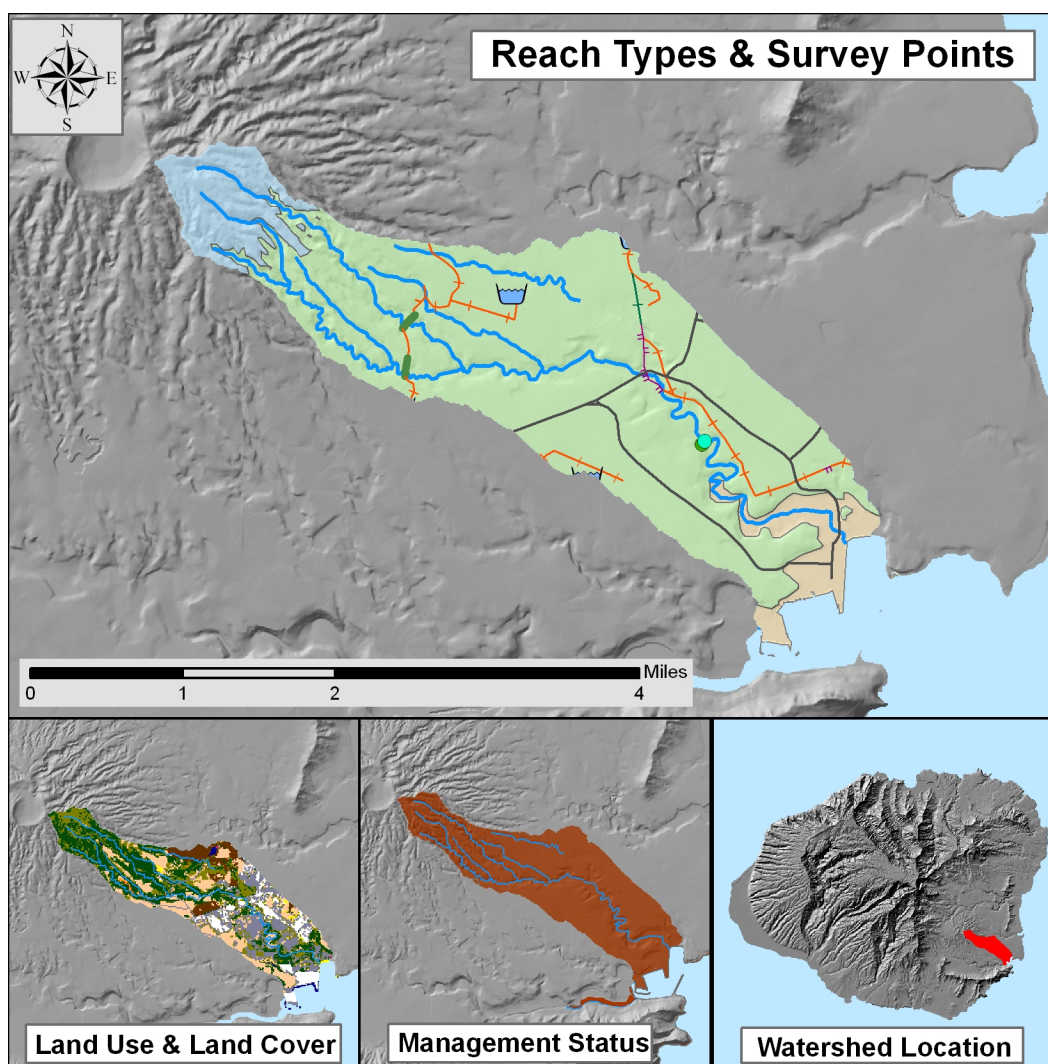


Nāwiliwili, Kauaʻi



WATERSHED FEATURES

Nāwiliwili watershed occurs on the island of Kauaʻi. The Hawaiian meaning of the name is “the wiliwili trees”. The area of the watershed is 5.2 square mi (13.4 square km), with maximum elevation of 1043 ft (318 m). The watershed's DAR cluster code is not yet determined. The percent of the watershed in the different land use districts is as follows: 56% agricultural, 0% conservation, 0% rural, and 44% urban.

Land Stewardship: Percentage of the land in the watershed managed or controlled by the corresponding agency or entity. Note that this is not necessarily ownership.

<u>Military</u>	<u>Federal</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>OHA</u>	<u>County</u>	<u>Nature Conservancy</u>	<u>Other Private</u>
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	99.9

Land Management Status: Percentage of the watershed in the categories of biodiversity protection and management created by the Hawaii GAP program.

Permanent Biodiversity <u>Protection</u>	Managed for Multiple <u>Uses</u>	Protected but <u>Unmanaged</u>	<u>Unprotected</u>
0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0

Land Use: Areas of the various categories of land use. These data are based on NOAA C-CAP remote sensing project.

	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Square mi</u>	<u>Square km</u>
High Intensity Developed	7.8	0.40	1.04
Low Intensity Developed	16.9	0.87	2.26
Cultivated	6.8	0.35	0.91
Grassland	17.3	0.90	2.32
Scrub/Shrub	18.7	0.97	2.51
Evergreen Forest	30.3	1.57	4.06
Palustrine Forested	0.1	0.00	0.01
Palustrine Scrub/Shrub	0.5	0.03	0.07
Palustrine Emergent	0.0	0.00	0.00
Estuarine Forested	0.0	0.00	0.00
Bare Land	0.8	0.04	0.10
Unconsolidated Shoreline	0.0	0.00	0.00
Water	0.8	0.04	0.11
Unclassified	0.0	0.00	0.00

STREAM FEATURES

Nāwiliwili is a perennial stream. Total stream length is 14.7 mi (23.7 km). The terminal stream order is 2.

Reach Type Percentages: The percentage of the stream's channel length in each of the reach type categories.

<u>Estuary</u>	<u>Lower</u>	<u>Middle</u>	<u>Upper</u>	<u>Headwaters</u>
0.0	9.7	84.3	6.0	0.0

The following stream(s) occur in the watershed:
Nāwiliwili

BIOTIC SAMPLING EFFORT

Biotic samples were gathered in the following year(s):
2001 2003

Distribution of Biotic Sampling: The number of survey locations that were sampled in the various reach types.

<u>Survey type</u>	<u>Estuary</u>	<u>Lower</u>	<u>Middle</u>	<u>Upper</u>	<u>Headwaters</u>
Published Report	0	0	1	0	0
USGS Surveys	0	0	1	0	0

BIOTA INFORMATION

Species List**Native Species**

Crustaceans	Amphipod sp. Ostracod sp.
Snails	<i>Ferrissia sharpi</i>
Worms	<i>Namalycastis sp.</i> <i>Oligochaete sp.</i>

Native Species

Insects	Empidid sp. <i>Ischnura odonata</i> <i>Limonia sp.</i> <i>Orthocladius sp.</i>
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Introduced Species

Crustaceans	Isopod sp. <i>Macrobrachium lar</i> <i>Procambarus clarkii</i>
Fish	<i>Clarias fuscus</i> <i>Gambusia affinis</i> <i>Poecilia reticulata</i> <i>Xiphophorus helleri</i>
Snails	<i>Melanooides tuberculata</i> Physid sp. <i>Tarebia granifera</i> Thiarid sp.

Introduced Species

Insects	<i>Cheumatopsyche analis</i> Chironomid larvae Trichoptera larvae
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Species Distributions: Presence (P) of species in different stream reaches.

<u>Scientific Name</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Estuary</u>	<u>Lower</u>	<u>Middle</u>	<u>Upper</u>	<u>Headwaters</u>
<i>Orthocladius sp.</i>	Endemic			P		
<i>Ferrissia sharpi</i>	Endemic			P		
Amphipod sp.	Indigenous			P		
<i>Limonia sp.</i>	Indigenous			P		
<i>Namalycastis sp.</i>	Indigenous			P		
Isopod sp.	Introduced			P		
<i>Macrobrachium lar</i>	Introduced			P		
<i>Procambarus clarkii</i>	Introduced			P		
<i>Clarias fuscus</i>	Introduced			P		
<i>Gambusia affinis</i>	Introduced			P		
<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>	Introduced			P		
<i>Xiphophorus helleri</i>	Introduced			P		
<i>Cheumatopsyche analis</i>	Introduced			P		
Chironomid larvae	Introduced			P		
Trichoptera larvae	Introduced			P		
<i>Melanooides tuberculata</i>	Introduced			P		
Physid sp.	Introduced			P		
<i>Tarebia granifera</i>	Introduced			P		
Thiarid sp.	Introduced			P		

Ostracod sp.	Undetermined	P
Empidid sp.	Undetermined	P
<i>Ischnura odonata</i>	Undetermined	P
<i>Oligochaete sp.</i>	Undetermined	P

HISTORIC RANKINGS

Historic Rankings: These are rankings of streams from historical studies. "Yes" means the stream was considered worthy of protection by that method. Some methods include non-biotic data in their determination. See Atlas Key for details.

Multi-Attribute Prioritization of Streams - Potential Heritage Streams (1998): No

Hawaii Stream Assessment Rank (1990): not ranked

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service High Quality Stream (1988): No

The Nature Conservancy- Priority Aquatic Sites (1985): No

National Park Service - Nationwide Rivers Inventory (1982): No

Current DAR Decision Rule Status: The following criteria are used by DAR to consider the biotic importance of streams. "Yes" means that watershed has that quality.

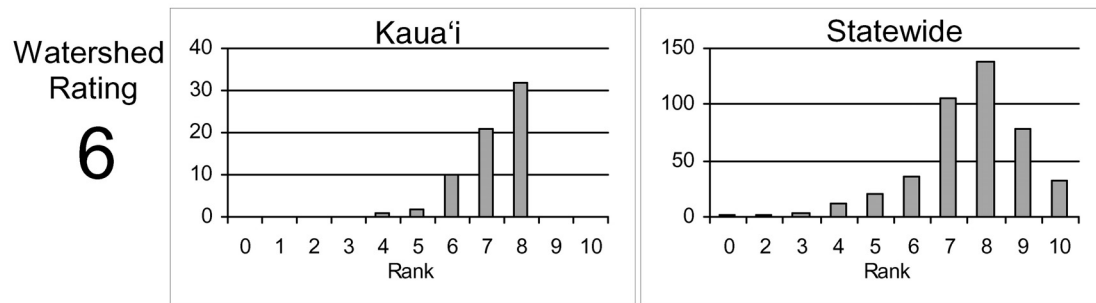
Native Insect Diversity <u>> 19 spp.</u>	Native Macrofauna <u>Diversity > 5 spp.</u>	Absence of Priority 1 <u>Introduced</u>
No	No	No
Abundance of Any <u>Native Species</u>	Presence of Candidate <u>Endangered Species</u>	Endangered Newcomb's <u>Snail Habitat</u>
No	No	No

CURRENT WATERSHED AND STREAM RATINGS

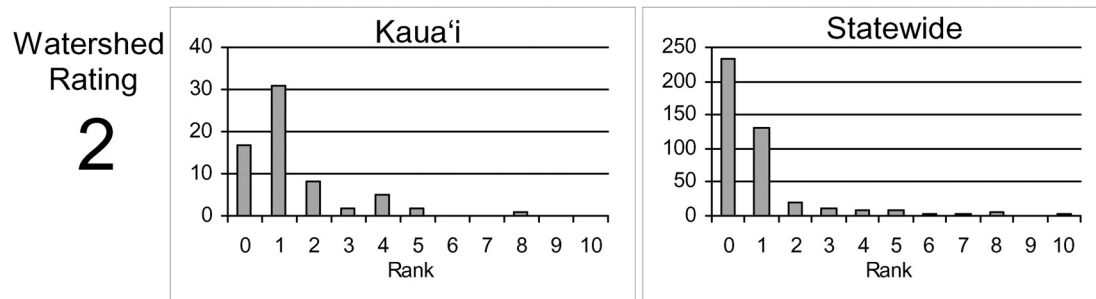
The current watershed and stream ratings are based on the data contained in the DAR Aquatic Surveys Database. The ratings provide the score for the individual watershed or stream, the distribution of ratings for that island, and the distribution of ratings statewide. This allows a better understanding of the meaning of a particular ranking and how it compares to other streams. The ratings are standardized to range from 0 to 10 (0 is lowest and 10 is highest rating) for each variable and the totals are also standardized so that the rating is not the average of each component rating. These ratings are subject to change as more data are entered into the DAR Aquatic Surveys Database and can be automatically recalculated as the data improve. In addition to the ratings, we have also provided an estimate of the confidence level of the ratings. This is called rating strength. The higher the rating strength the more likely the data and rankings represent the actual condition of the watershed, stream, and aquatic biota.

WATERSHED RATING: Nāwiliwili, Kauaʻi

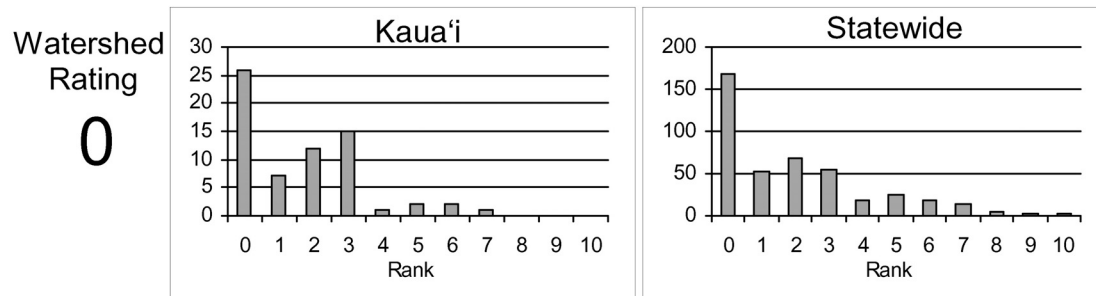
Land Cover Rating: Rating is based on a scoring system where in general forested lands score positively and developed lands score negatively.



Shallow Waters Rating: Rating is based on a combination of the extent of estuarine and shallow marine areas associated with the watershed and stream.

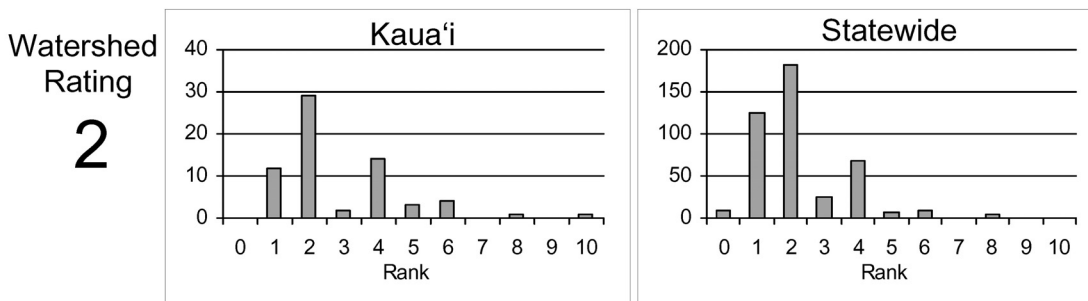


Stewardship Rating: Rating is based on a scoring system where higher levels of land and biodiversity protection within the watershed score positively.

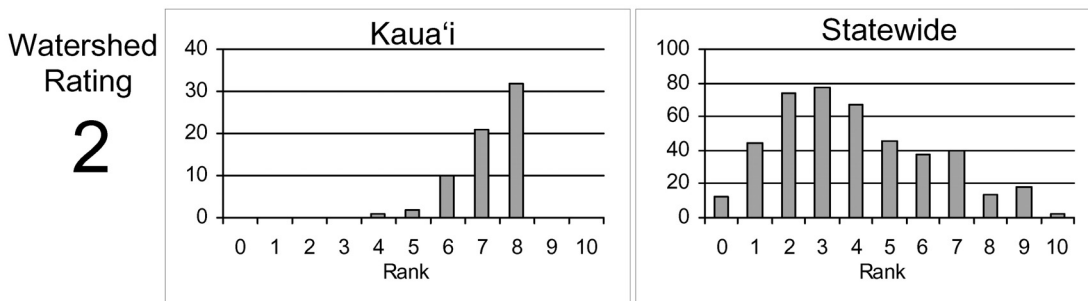


WATERSHED RATING (Cont): Nāwiliwili, Kauaʻi

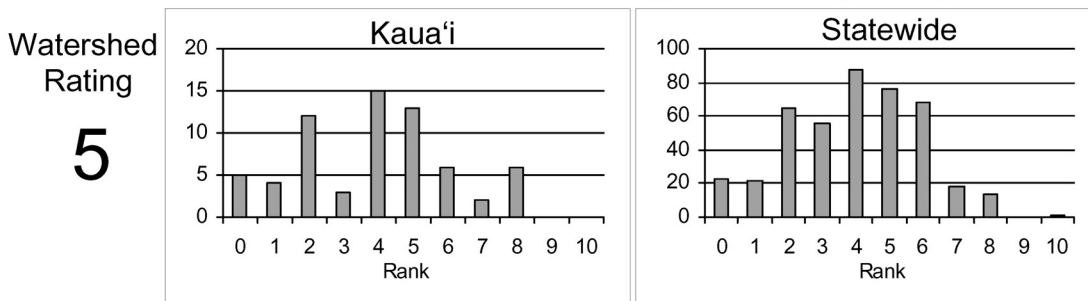
Size Rating: Rating is based on the watershed area and total stream length. Larger watersheds and streams score more positively.



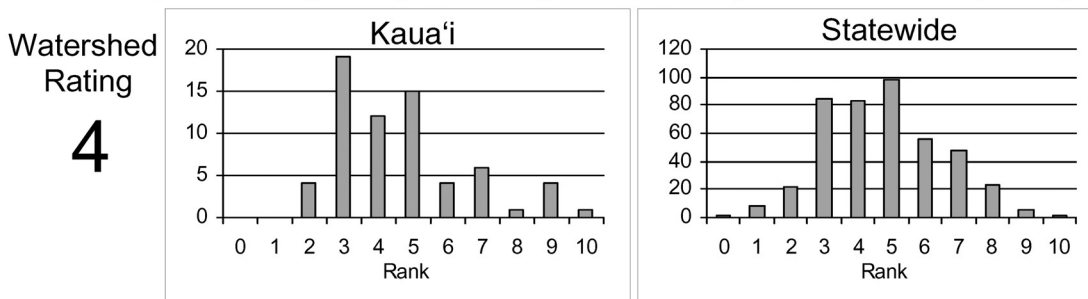
Wetness Rating: Rating is based on the average annual rainfall within the watershed. Higher rainfall totals score more positively.



Reach Diversity Rating: Rating is based on the types and amounts of different stream reaches available in the watershed. More area in different reach types score more positively.

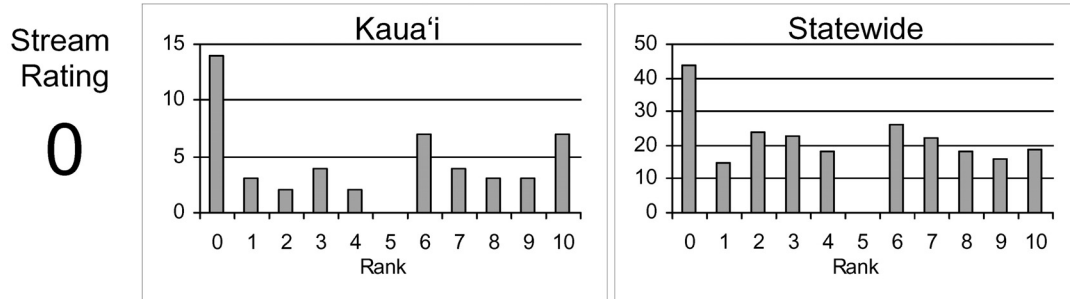


Total Watershed Rating: Rating is based on combination of Land Cover Rating, Shallow Waters Rating, Stewardship Rating, Size Rating, Wetness Rating, and Reach Diversity Rating.

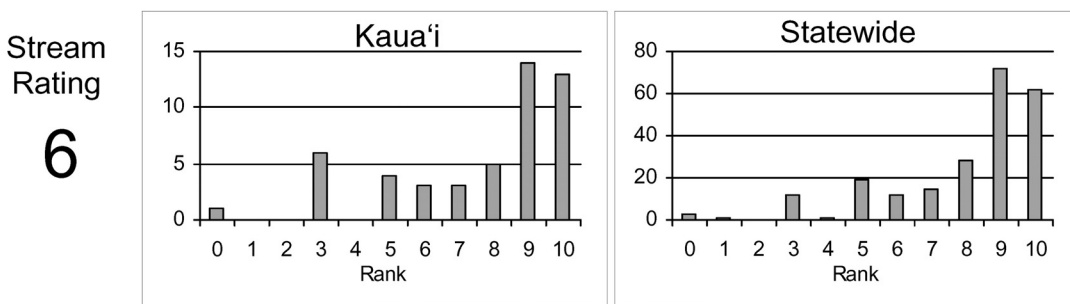


BIOLOGICAL RATING: Nāwiliwili, Kauaʻi

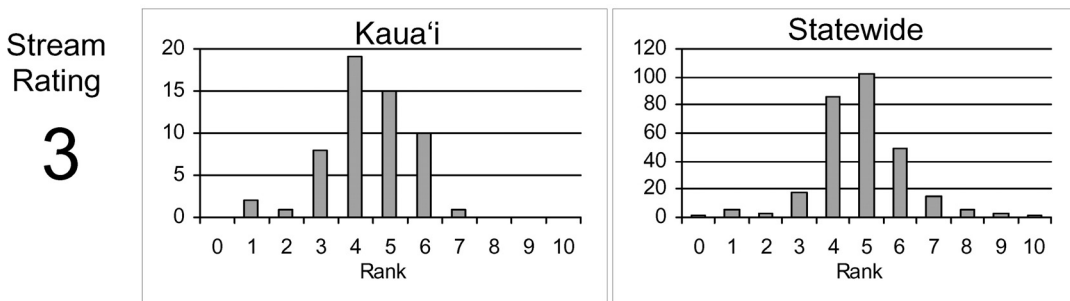
Native Species Rating: Rating is based on the number of native species observed in the watershed.



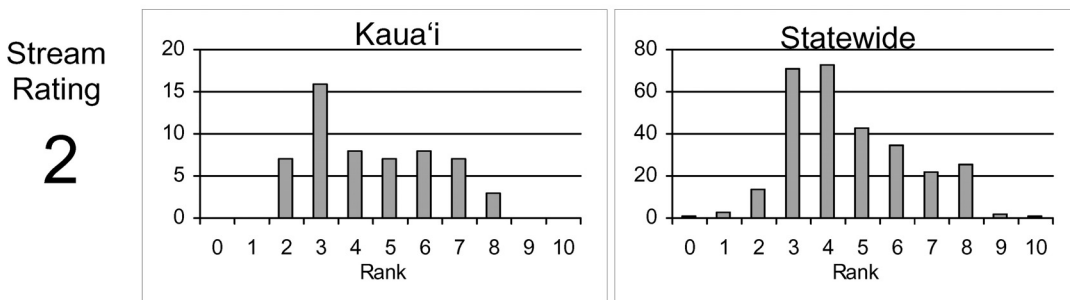
Introduced Genera Rating: Rating is based on the number of introduced genera observed in the watershed.



All Species' Score Rating: Rating is based on the Hawaii Stream Assessment scoring system where native species score positively and introduced species score negatively.



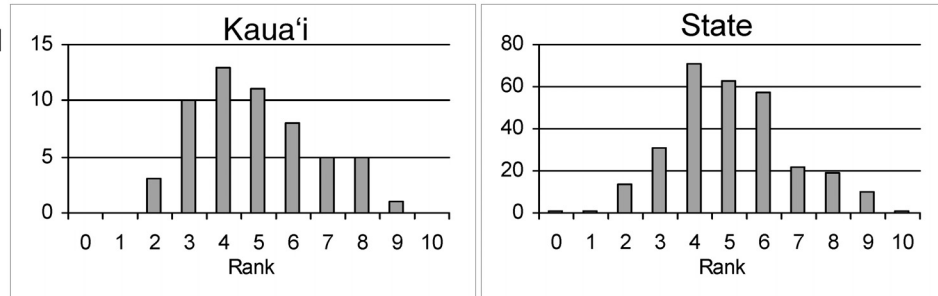
Total Biological Rating: Rating is the combination of the Native Species Rating, Introduced Genera Rating, and the All Species' Score Rating.



OVERALL RATING: Nāwiliwili, Kauaʻi

Overall Rating: Rating is a combination of the Total Watershed Rating and the Total Biological Rating.

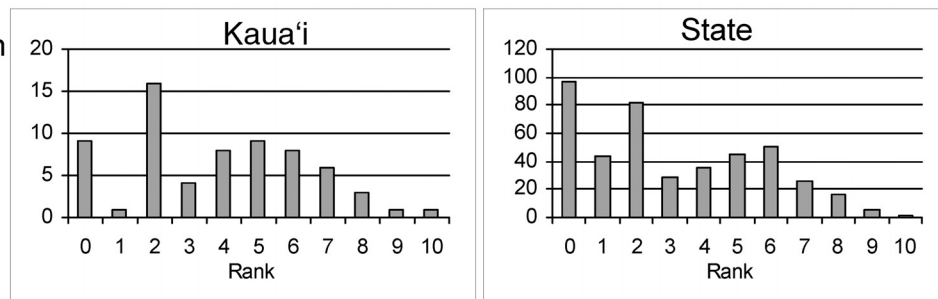
Watershed Rating
3



RATING STRENGTH: Nāwiliwili, Kauaʻi

Rating Strength: Represents an estimate of the overall study effort in the stream and is a combination of the number of studies, number of different reaches surveyed, and the number of different survey types.

Information Rating
4



REFERENCES

2005. USGS. Stream Quality Indicators of Hawaii.

2006. Brasher, A.M.D., Luntun, C.D., Goodbred, S.L. and R.H. Wolff. Invasion Patterns Along Elevation and Urbanization Gradients in Hawaiian Streams. Transactions of the American Fisheries Society. 135. 1109-1129.